

BiGuard 50G

802.11g Dual WAN Security Gateway

BULLON										
БЛЦЦИМ	SYSTEM Power	-				гW	AN - 10/100M		BiGuard 50G	
	Status 💼	1	2	3			Link/ACT		Business Security Gateway	
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www.billion.uk.com

User's Manual

Version Release 1.03_(FW:1.xx)

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BiGuard 50G User's Manual

(Updated September, 2007)
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Safety Warnings



Your BiGuard 50G is built for reliability and long service life. For your safety, be sure to read and follow the following safety warnings.

- Read this installation guide thoroughly before attempting to set up your BiGuard 50G.
- Your BiGuard 50G is a complex electronic device. DO NOT open or attempt to repair it yourself. Opening or removing the covers can expose you to high voltage and other risks. In the case of malfunction, turn off the power immediately and have it repaired at a qualified service center. Contact your vendor for details.
- Connect the power cord to the correct supply voltage.
- Carefully place connecting cables to avoid people from stepping or tripping on them. DO NOT allow anything to rest on the power cord and DO NOT place the power cord in an area where it can be stepped on.
- DO NOT use BiGuard 50G in environments with high humidity or high temperatures.
- DO NOT use the same power source for BiGuard 50G as other equipment.
- DO NOT use your BiGuard 50G and any accessories outdoors.
- If you wall mount your BiGuard 50G, make sure that no electrical, water or gas pipes will be damaged during installation.
- DO NOT install or use your BiGuard 50G during a thunderstorm.
- DO NOT expose your BiGuard 50G to dampness, dust, or corrosive liquids.
- DO NOT use your BiGuard 50G near water.
- Be sure to connect the cables to the correct ports.
- DO NOT obstruct the ventilation slots on your BiGuard 50G or expose it to direct sunlight or other heat sources. Excessive temperatures may damage your device.
- DO NOT store anything on top of your BiGuard 50G.
- Only connect suitable accessories to your BiGuard 50G.
- Keep packaging out of the reach of children.
- If disposing of the device, please follow your local regulations for the safe disposal of electronic products to protect the environment.



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Chapter 1: Introduction

1.1 Overview

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Congratulations on purchasing BiGuard 50G Router from Billion. Combining a router with an Ethernet network switch, BiGuard 50G is a state-of-the-art device that provides everything you need to get your network connected to the Internet over your Cable or DSL connection quickly and easily. The Quick Start Wizard and DHCP Server will get first-time users up and running with minimal fuss and configuration, while sophisticated Quality of Service (QoS) and Load Balancing features grant advanced users total control over their network and Internet connection.

This manual illustrates the many features and functions of BiGuard 50G, and even takes you through the various ways you can apply this versatile device to your home or office. Take the time now to familiarize yourself with BiGuard 50G.

1.2 Product Highlights

1.2.1 Increased Bandwidth, Scalability and Resilience

With integrated Dual WAN ports, BiGuard 50G combines two broadband lines such as DSL or Cable into one Internet connection, providing optimal bandwidth sharing for multiple PCs on your network, or allowing maximum reliability with network redundancy. Load Balancing enables BiGuard 50G to efficiently balance network traffic across two connections, ideal for small-to-medium businesses that require increased bandwidth, network scalability, and resilience for mission-critical network and Internet applications. Auto failover can also be configured to ensure smooth, continuous service should one connection fail, providing maximum business uptime and productivity, plus uninterrupted service for you and your customers.

1.2.2 Virtual Private Network Support

BiGuard 50G supports comprehensive IPSec & PPTP VPN protocols for businesses to establish private encrypted tunnels over the Internet to ensure data transmission security among multiple sites, such as a branch office or dial-up connection. IPSec VPN is up to 30 simultaneous IPSec VPN connections are possible on BiGuard 50G, with performance of up to 30Mbps. PPTP VPN is up to 4 simultaneous PPTP VPN



connections are possible on BiGuard 50G, with performance of up to 10Mbps.

1.2.3 Advanced Firewall Security

Aside from intelligent broadband sharing, BiGuard 50G offers integrated firewall protection with advanced features to secure your network from outside attacks. Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI) determines if a data packet is permitted to enter the private LAN. Denial of Service (DoS) prevents hackers from interrupting network services via malicious attacks. In addition, BiGuard 50G firewall can be configured to alert you via email should your network come under fire, offering both tight network security and peace of mind.

1.2.4 Intelligent Bandwidth Management

BiGuard 50G utilizes Quality of Service (QoS) to give you full control over the priority of both incoming and outgoing data, ensuring that critical data such as customer information moves through your network, even while under a heavy load. Transmission speeds can be throttled to make sure users are not saturating bandwidth required for mission-critical data transfers. Priority types of upload data can also be changed, allowing BiGuard 50G to automatically sort out actual speeds for unmatched convenience.

1.3 Package Contents

BiGuard 50G iBusiness Security Gateway SMB Getting Started CD-ROM Quick Start Guide AC-DC Power Adapter (12VDC, 1A)

1.3.1 Front Panel



BILLION

LED	Function						
Power	A solid light indicates a steady connection to a power source.						
Status	A blinking light indicates the device is writing to flash memory.						
	Lit when connected to an Ethernet device.						
1 – 4	10/100M : Lit green when connected at 100Mbps.						
11	Not lit when connected at 10Mbps.						
1 1	Link/ACT: Lit when device is connected.						
	Blinking when data is transmitting/receiving.						
WAN1	Lit when connected to an Ethernet device.						
	10/100M : Lit green when connected at 100Mbps.						
	Not lit when connected at 10Mbps.						
	Link/ACT: Lit when device is connected.						
	Blinking when data is transmitting/receiving.						
WAN2	Lit when connected to an Ethernet device.						
	10/100M : Lit green when connected at 100Mbps.						
	Not lit when connected at 10Mbps.						
	Link/ACT: Lit when device is connected.						
	Blinking when data is transmitting/receiving.						



Port		Function			
1	Wireless Antenna	One detachable 2.4GHz 5dbi SMA antenna			
2	WAN2	WAN2 10/100M Ethernet port (with auto crossover support); connect xDSL/Cable modem here.			
3	WAN1	WAN1 10/100M Ethernet port (with auto crossover support); connect xDSL/Cable modem here.			
4	LAN 1 — 4	Connect a UTP Ethernet cable (Cat-5 or Cat-5e) to one of the eight LAN ports when connecting a PC to the network.			
5	RESET	To reset the device and restore factory default settings, after the device is fully booted, press and hold RESET until the Status LED begins to blink.			
6	DC12V	Connect DC Power Adapter here. (12VDC)			



1.3.4 Cabling

Most Ethernet networks currently use unshielded twisted pair (UTP) cabling. The UTP cable contains eight conductors, arranged in four twisted pairs, and terminated with an RJ45 type connector.

One of the most common causes of networking problems is bad cabling. Make sure that all connected devices are turned on. On the front panel of BiGuard 50G, verify that the LAN link and WAN line LEDs are lit. If they are not, check to see that you are using the proper cabling.

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Chapter 2: Router Applications

2.1 Overview

Your BiGuard 50G router is a versatile device that can be configured to not only protect your network from malicious attackers, but also ensure optimal usage of available bandwidth with Quality of Service (QoS) and both Inbound and Outbound Load Balancing. Alternatively, BiGuard 50G can also be set to redirect incoming and outgoing network traffic with the Fail Over capability, ensuring minimal downtime and increased reliability.

The following chapter describes how BiGuard 50G can work for you.

2.2 Bandwidth Management with QoS

Quality of Service (QoS) gives you full control over which types of outgoing data traffic should be given priority by the router. By doing so, the router can ensure that latency-sensitive applications like voice, bandwidth-consuming data like gaming packets, or even mission critical files efficiently move through the router even under a heavy load. You can throttle the speed at which different types of outgoing data pass through the router. In addition, you can simply change the priority of different types of upload data and let the router sort out the actual speeds.

2.2.1 QoS Technology

QoS generally involves the prioritization of network traffic. QoS is comprised of three major components: Classifier, Meter, and Scheduler. Each of these components has a distinct role in ensuring that incoming and outgoing data is managed according to user specifications.

The Classifier analyses incoming packets and marks each one according to configured parameters. The Meter communicates the drop priority to the Scheduler and measures the temporal priorities of the output stream against configured parameters. Finally, the Scheduler schedules each packet for transmission based on information from both the Classifier and the Meter.



2.2.2 QoS Policies for Different Applications

By setting different QoS policies according to the applications you are running, you can use BiGuard 50G to optimize the bandwidth that is being used on your network.



Restricted PC

As illustrated in the diagram above, applications such as Voiceover IP (VoIP) require low network latencies to function properly. If bandwidth is being used by other applications such as an FTP server, users using VoIP will experience network lag and/or service interruptions during use. To avoid this scenario, this network has assigned VoIP with a guaranteed bandwidth and higher priority to ensure smooth communications. The FTP server, on the other hand, has been given a maximum bandwidth cap to make sure that regular service to both VoIP and normal Internet applications is uninterrupted.

2.2.3 Guaranteed / Maximum Bandwidth

Setting a Guaranteed Bandwidth ensures that a particular service receives a minimum percentage of bandwidth. For example, you can configure BiGuard 50G to reserve 10% of the available bandwidth for a particular computer on the network to transfer files.

Alternatively you can set a Maximum Bandwidth to restrict a particular application to a fixed percentage of the total throughput. Setting a Maximum Bandwidth of 20% for a file sharing program will ensure that no more than 20% of the available bandwidth will be used for file sharing.

				Formatted: Normal, Justified
Quality of Service			1	
Add QoS Rule				Deleted: 1
Interface	WAN1 Outbound			<sp></sp>
Application	FTP		<u>/</u>	Quality of Service
Guaranteed	10 %		- <u>/ /</u>	Add OoS Pulo
Maximum	20 %		- 1 į	Add QoS Rule
Priority	6 (Lowe st) 🔽			Interrace
DSCP Marking	Disable		- / /	Application
Address Type	⊙ IP Address ○ MAC Address			Packet Type
Bandwidth Type	⊙ Shared Bandwidth ◯ Bandwi	dth per Source IP Address		Guaranteed
Source IP Address Range	From 192.168.100.1	To 192.168.100.100	1	Maximum
Destination IP Address Range	From 0.0.0.0	To 255.255.255.255	i i	Priority
Protocol	Any 💌			DSCP Marking
Source Port Range Helper O	From 1	To 65535	i i	Address Type
Destination Port Range Helper O	From 1	To 65535	į	Source IP Address Range
DSCP	Any		į	Destination IP Address Range
Schedule Candidates 🔿	**Always		į	Source Port Range
Apply			i	Destination Port Range
Арруу			i	
				Apply

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2.2.4 Policy Based Traffic Shaping

Policy Based Traffic Shaping allows you to apply specific traffic policies across a range of IP addresses or ports. This is particularly useful for assigning different policies for different PCs on the network. Policy based traffic shaping lets you better

manage your bandwidth, providing reliable Internet and network service to your organization.

Quality of Service	
Add QoS Rule	
Interface	WAN1 Outbound
Application	FTP
Guaranteed	10 %
Maximum	20 %
Priority	6 (Lowest) 💌
DSCP Marking	Disable 💌
Address Type	⊙ IP Address ○ MAC Address
Bandwidth Type	O Bhared Bandwidth O Bandwidth per Source IP Address
Source IP Address Range	From 192.168.100.1 To 192.168.100.100
Destination IP Address Range	From 0.0.0.0 To 255.255.255
Protocol	Any 💌
Source Port Range Helper O	From 1 To 65535
Destination Port Range Helper O	Teem 1 To 65535
DSCP	Any
Schedule Candidates O	**Always
Apply	

2.2.5 Priority Bandwidth Utilization

Assigning priority to a certain service allows BiGuard 50G to give either a higher or lower priority to traffic from this particular service. Assigning a higher priority to an application ensures that it is processed ahead of applications with a lower priority and vice versa.

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Quality of Service				Quality of Ser
Add OoS Rule			1	Add QoS Rule
	WAN1 Outbound		1	Interface
Application	FTP		i i	Application
Guaranteed	10 %		i i	Packet Type
Maximum	20 %			Guaranteed
Priority	3 (Normal) 🗸		i	Maximum
DSCP Marking	0 (Highest)			Priority
Address Type	2 OMAC Address		i i	DSCP Marking
Bandwidth Type	3 (Normal) dwidth O Bandwidth	per Source IP Address	i	Address Type
Source IP Address Range	5 100.1	То 192.168.100.100		Source IP Addres
Destination IP Address Range	6 (Lowest) From 0.0.0	То 255.255.255		Destination IP Ad
Protocol	Any 💙		1	Source Port Rang
Source Port Range Helper O	From 1	To 65535	1	Destination Port F
Destination Port Range Helper O	From 1	To 65535	1	
DSCP	Any 🗸		Delete	ed: Apply
Schedule Candidates 📀	**Always		1	

2.2.6 Management by IP or MAC address

BiGuard 50G can also be configured to apply traffic policies based on a particular IP or MAC address. This allows you to quickly assign different traffic policies to a specific computer on the network.

Quality of Service		1		Quality of Serv
Add QoS Rule		į		Add QoS Rule
Interface	WAN1 Outbound	i		Interface
Application	FTP	1		Application
Guaranteed	10 %			Packet Type
Maximum	20 %	1		Guaranteed
Priority	3 (Normal) 👻	1		Maximum
DSCP Marking	Disable 💌			Priority
Address Type	⊙ IP Address ○ MAC Address			Address Type
Bandwidth Type	⊙ Shared Bandwidth ○ Bandwidth per Source IP Address			Source MAC Address
Source IP Address Range	From 192.168.100.1 To 192.168.100.100			Source MAC Address
Destination IP Address Range	From 0.0.0.0 To 255.255.255	1		Source Port Range
Protocol	Any y	1		Destination Port Rang
Source Port Range Helper O	From 1 To 65535	1		Annha
Destination Port Range Helper O	Erom 1 To 65535		Deleted:	[Арріу]
DSCP	Any			
Schedule Candidates 🔿	**Always	i i		
Apply				

DiffServ (DSCP Marking)

DiffServ (a.k.a. DSCP Marking) allows you to classify traffic based on IP DSCP values.



Formatted: Bullets and Numbering

Other interfaces can match traffic based on the DSCP markings. DSCP markings are used to decide how packets should be treated, and is a useful tool to give precedence to varying types of data.

Deleted: These markings can be used to identify

traffic within the network.

WAN1 Outbound FTP 10 % 20 % 3 (Normal) Disable Disable Best Effort Despine	C Address				Add QoS Rule Interface Application Packet Type Guaranteed Musicaura
WAN1 Outbound FTP 10 % 20 % 3 (Normal) ¥ Disable ¥ Disable Best Effort Descripte	C Address				Interface Application Packet Type Guaranteed
FTP 10 % 20 % 3 (Normal) Disable Disable Dest Effort Desting	C Address				Application Packet Type Guaranteed
10 % 20 % 3 (Normal) ♥ Disable ♥ Disable Best Effort Parameter	C Address				Packet Type Guaranteed
20 % 3 (Normal) V Disable V Disable Dest Effort Decemine	C Address				Guaranteed
3 (Normal) V Disable V Disable Best Effort	C Address				Massimos
Disable Disable Best Effort	C Address				WayImilim
Disable Best Effort	C Address		1		Deiseite
Dearium					Priority
Fremium	O Bandwidth per Source	IP Address			DSCP Marking
Gold service(L)		To 192.168.100.100	1		Address Type
Gold service(H)		To 255.255.255.255	1		Source IP Address
Silver service(L) Silver service(M)					Destination IP Add
Silver service(H)		To 65535	1		Source Port Range
Bronze service(L) Bronze service(M)		To 65535	1		Destination Port R
Bronze service(H)			1		
**Always					Apply
				Deleted:	
				Formatte	d: Font: Bold
DSCP is used	d on traffics (F	Roth inhound rule	s and	Formatte	d: Normal, Justified
	Gold service(L) Gold service(M) Gold service(H) Silver service(L) Silver service(L) Bronze service(L) Bronze service(H) Bronze service(H) **Always	Gold service(L) Gold service(M) Gold service(H) Silver service(L) Bronze service(L) Bronze service(L) Bronze service(H) Bronze service(H)	Gold service(L) Gold service(M) Gold service(H) Silver service(L) Silver service(L) Bronze service(L) Bronze service(H) Bronze service(H)	Gold service(L) To 192.168.100.100 Gold service(M) To 255.255.255 Silver service(L) Silver service(L) Silver service(L) To 65535 Bronze service(L) To 65535 Bronze service(H) To 65535 Bronze	Gold service(L) Gold service(M) Gold service(H) Silver service(L) Silver service(L) Bronze service(L) Bronze service(L) Bronze service(H) Bronze service(H)

outbound rules have DSCP matching)._DSCP matching is used to identify traffic for the rule. (It is just like what source IP and destination IP do). When this option of the QoS rule is selected, the QoS rule will only be applied to the packets whose DSCP field's IP header matches the criteria selected. <u>These markings can be used to identify traffic within the network.</u>

2.3 Outbound Traffic

This section outlines some of the ways you can use BiGuard 50G to manage outbound traffic.

2.3.1 Outbound Fail Over

Configuring BiGuard 50G for Outbound Fail Over allows you to ensure that outgoing traffic is uninterrupted by having BiGuard 50G default to WAN2 should WAN1 fail.



In the above example, PC 1 (IP_192.168.2.2) and PC 2 (IP_192.168.2.3) are connected to the Internet via WAN1 (IP_230.100.100.1) on BiGuard 50G. Should WAN1 fail, Outbound Fail Over tells BiGuard 50G to reroute outgoing traffic to WAN2 (IP_213.10.10.2). Configuring your BiGuard 50G for Outbound Fail Over provides a more reliable connection for your outgoing traffic.

Please refer to appendix H for example settings.

2.3.2 Outbound Load Balancing

Outbound Load Balancing allows BiGuard 50G to intelligently manage outbound traffic based on the amount of load of each WAN connection.



In the above example, PC 1 (IP_192.168.2.2) and PC 2 (IP_192.168.2.3) are



connected to the Internet via WAN1 (IP_230.100.100.1) and WAN2 (IP_213.10.10.2) on BiGuard 50G. You can configure BiGuard 50G to balance the load of each WAN port with one of two mechanisms:

- 1. Session (by session/by traffic/weight of link capability)
- 2. IP Hash (by traffic/weight of link capability)

The IP Hash mechanism will ensure that the traffic from the same source IP address and destination IP address will go through the same WAN port. This is useful for some server applications that need to identify the source IP address of the client.

By balancing the load between WAN1 and WAN2, your BiGuard 50G can ensure that outbound traffic is efficiently handled by making sure that both ports are equally sharing the load, preventing situations where one port is completely saturated by outbound traffic.

Please refer to appendix H for example settings.

2.4 Inbound Traffic

Learn how BiGuard 50G can handle inbound traffic in the following section.

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Configuring BiGuard 50G for Inbound Fail Over allows you to ensure that incoming traffic is uninterrupted by having BiGuard 50G default to WAN2 should WAN1 fail.



In the above example, an FTP Server (IP_192.168.2.2) and an HTTP Server (IP_192.168.2.3) are connected to the Internet via WAN1 (ftp.billion.dyndns.org) on BiGuard 50G. A remote computer is trying to access these servers via the Internet. Under normal circumstances, the remote computer will gain access to the network via WAN1. Should WAN1 fail, Inbound Fail Over tells BiGuard 50G to reroute incoming traffic to WAN2 by using the Dynamic DNS mechanism. Configuring your BiGuard 50G for Inbound Fail Over provides a more reliable connection for your incoming traffic.

Please refer to appendix H for example settings.

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2.4.2 Inbound Load Balancing

Inbound Load Balancing allows BiGuard 50G to intelligently manage inbound traffic based on the amount of load of each WAN connection.



In the above example, an FTP server (IP_192.168.2.2) and an HTTP server (IP_192.168.2.3) are connected to the Internet via WAN1 (www.billion2.dyndns.org) and WAN2 (www.billion3.dyndns.org) on BiGuard 50G. Remote PCs are attempting to access the servers via the Internet. Using Inbound Load Balancing, BiGuard 50G can direct incoming requests to the correct WAN port based on group assignment. For example, a sales force can be directed to www.billion2.dyndns.org, while the R&D group can access www.billion3.dyndns.org. By balancing the load between WAN1 and WAN2, your BiGuard 50G can ensure that inbound traffic is efficiently handled with both ports equally sharing the load, preventing situations where service is slow because one port is completely saturated by inbound traffic.

Please refer to appendix H for example settings.



Using DNS Inbound is a great way to intelligently direct network traffic.



DNS Inbound is a three step process. First, a DNS request is made to the router via a remote PC. BiGuard 50G, based on settings specified by the user, will direct the requesting PC to the correct WAN port by replying the selected WAN IP address through the built-in DNS server. The remote PC then accesses the network via the specified WAN port. How BiGuard 50G directs this traffic through the built-in DNS server depends on whether it is configured for Fail Over or Load Balancing.

Learn how to make DNS Inbound on BiGuard 50G work for you in the following section.

2.5.1 DNS Inbound Fail Over

BiGuard 50G can be configured to reply the WAN2 IP address for the DNS domain name request should WAN1 fail.



In the above example, an FTP Server (IP_192.168.2.2) and an HTTP Server (IP_192.168.2.3) are connected to the Internet via WAN1 (IP_200.200.200.1) on BiGuard 50G. A remote computer is trying to access these servers via the Internet, and makes a DNS request. The DNS request (www.mydomain.com) will be sent through WAN1 (200.200.200.1) to the built-in DNS server. The DNS server will reply 200.200.200.1 because this is the only active WAN port. Should WAN1 fail, BiGuard 50G will instead reply with WAN2's IP address (100.100.100.1), and the remote PC will gain access to the network via WAN2. By configuring BiGuard 50G for DNS Inbound Fail Over, incoming requests will enjoy increased reliability when accessing your network.

Please refer to appendix H for example settings.

2.5.2 DNS Inbound Load Balancing

DNS Inbound Load Balancing allows BiGuard 50G to intelligently manage inbound traffic based on the amount of load of each WAN connection by assigning the IP address with the lowest traffic load to incoming requests.



In the above example, an FTP server (IP_192.168.2.2) and an HTTP server (IP_192.168.2.3) are connected to the Internet via WAN1 (IP_200.200.200.1) and WAN2 (IP_100.100.100.1) on BiGuard 50G. Remote PCs are attempting to access the servers via the Internet by making a DNS request, entering a URL (www.mydomain.com). Using a load balancing algorithm, BiGuard 50G can direct incoming requests to either WAN port based on the amount of load each WAN port is currently experiencing. If WAN2 is experiencing a heavy load, BiGuard 50G responds to incoming DNS requests with WAN1. By balancing the load between WAN1 and WAN2, your BiGuard 50G can ensure that inbound traffic is efficiently handled, making sure that both ports are equally sharing the load and preventing situations where service is slow because one port is completely saturated by inbound traffic.

Please refer to appendix H for example settings.

A typical scenario of how traffic is directed with DNS Inbound Load Balancing is illustrated below:

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In the example above, the client is making a DNS request. The request is sent to the DNS server of BiGuard 50G through WAN2 (1). WAN2 will route this request to the embedded DNS server of BiGuard 50G (2). BiGuard 50G will analyze the bandwidth of both WAN1 and WAN2 and decide which WAN IP to reply to the request (3). After the decision is made, BiGuard 50G will route the DNS reply to the user through WAN2 (4). The user will receive the DNS reply with the IP address of WAN1 (5). The browser will initiate an HTTP request to the WAN1 IP address (6). The HTTP request will be send to BiGuard 50G's URL Host Map (7). The Host Map will then redirect the HTTP request to the HTTP server (8). The HTTP server will reply (9). The URL Host Map will route the packet through WAN1 to the user (10). Finally, the client will receive an HTTP reply packet (11).

2.6 Virtual Private Networking

A Virtual Private Network (VPN) enables you to send data between two computers across a shared or public network in a manner that emulates the properties of a point-to-point private link. As such, it is perfect for connecting branch offices to headquarters across the Internet in a secure fashion.

The following section discusses Virtual Private Networking with BiGuard 50G.

2.6.1 General VPN Setup

There are typically three different VPN scenarios. The first is a **Gateway to Gateway** setup, where two remote gateways communicate over the Internet via a secure tunnel.



The next type of VPN setup is the **Gateway to Multiple Gateway** setup, where one gateway (Headquarters) is communicating with multiple gateways (Branch Offices) over the Internet. As with all VPNs, data is kept secure with secure tunnels.



The final type of VPN setup is the **Client to Gateway**. A good example of where this can be applied is when a remote sales person accesses the corporate network over a secure VPN tunnel.



VPN provides a flexible, cost-efficient, and reliable way for companies of all sizes to stay connected. One of the most important steps in setting up a VPN is proper planning. The following sections demonstrate the various ways of using BiGuard 50G to setup your VPN.

2.6.2 VPN Planning - Fail Over

Configuring your VPN with Fail Over allows BiGuard 50G to automatically default to WAN2 should WAN1 fail.



Because the dynamic domain name biguard.billion.com is configured for both WAN1 and WAN2, the active WAN port will announce the domain name through the WAN IP address. The remote gateway will then be able to connect to the VPN through the domain name.

In this Gateway to Gateway example, BiGuard 50G is communicating to a remote

gateway using WAN1 through a secure VPN tunnel. Should WAN1 fail, outbound traffic from BiGuard 50G will automatically be redirected to WAN2. This process is completely transparent to the remote gateway, as BiGuard 50G will automatically update the domain name (biguard.billion.com) with the WAN2 IP address. Configuring a Gateway to Multiple Gateway setup with Fail Over is similar, as shown below:



Configuring BiGuard 50G for Fail Over provides added reliability to your VPN.

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The VPN Concentrator provides an easy way for branch offices to connect to headquarter through a VPN tunnel. All branch office traffic will be redirected to the VPN tunnel to headquarter with the exception of LAN-side traffic. This way, all branch offices can connect to each other through headquarter via the headquarter's firewall management. You can also configure BiGuard 50G to function as a VPN Concentrator:

Please refer to appendix H for example settings.



Chapter 3: Getting Started

3.1 Overview

BiGuard 50G is designed to be a powerful and flexible network device that is also easy to use. With an intuitive web-based configuration, BiGuard 50G allows you to administer your network via virtually any Java-enabled web browser and is fully compatible with Linux, Mac OS, and Windows 98/Me/NT/2000/XP operating systems.

The following chapter takes you through the very first steps to configuring your network for BiGuard 50G. Take a look and see how easy it is to get your network up and running.

3.2 Before You Begin

BiGuard 50G is a flexible and powerful networking device. To simplify the configuration process and increase the efficiency of your network, consider the following items before setting up your network for the first time:

1. Plan your network

Decide whether you are going to use one or both WAN ports. For one WAN port, you may need a fully qualified domain name either for convenience or if you have a dynamic IP address. If you are going to use both WAN ports, determine whether you are going to use them in fail over mode for increased network reliability or load balancing mode for maximum bandwidth efficiency. See **Chapter 2: Router Applications** for more information.

2. Set up your accounts

Have access to the Internet and locate the Internet Service Provider (ISP) configuration information. Each BiGuard 50G WAN port must be configured separately, whether you are using a separate ISP for each WAN port or are having the traffic of both WAN ports routed through the same ISP.

3. Determine your network management approach

BiGuard 50G is capable of remote management. However, this feature is not active by default. If you reset the device, remote administration must be enabled again. If you decide to manage your network remotely, be sure to change the default

password for security reason.

4. Prepare to physically connect BiGuard 50G to Cable or DSL modems and a computer.

Be sure to also review the **Safety Warnings** located in the preface of this manual before working with your BiGuard 50G.

3.3 Connecting Your Router

Connecting BiGuard 50G is an easy three-step process:

1. Connect BiGuard 50G to your LAN by connecting Ethernet cables from your networked PCs to the LAN ports on the router. Connect BiGuard 50G to your broadband Internet connection via router's WAN port.



2. Plug BiGuard 50G to an AC outlet with the included AC Power Adapter.



3. Ensure that the Power and WAN LEDs are solidly lit, and that on any LAN port that has an Ethernet cable plugged in the LED is also solidly lit. The Status LED will remain solid as the device boots. Once the boot sequence is complete, the LED will shut off, indicating that BiGuard 50G is ready.

If the router does not power on, please refer to *Chapter 5: Troubleshooting* for possible solutions.



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3.4 Configuring PCs for TCP/IP Networking

Now that your BiGuard 50G is connected properly to your network, it's time to configure your networked PCs for TCP/IP networking.

In order for your networked PCs to communicate with your router, they must have the following characteristics:

 Have a properly installed and functioning Ethernet Network Interface Card (NIC).
 Be connected to BiGuard 50G, either directly or through an external repeater hub via an Ethernet cable.

3. Have TCP/IP installed and configured with an IP address.

The IP address for each PC may be a fixed IP address or one that is obtained from a DHCP server. If using a fixed IP address, it is important to remember that it must be in the same subnet as the router. The default IP address of BiGuard 50G is 192.168.1.254 with a subnet mask of 255.255.255.0. Using the default configuration, networked PCs must reside in the same subnet, and have an IP address in the range of 192.168.1.1 to 192.168.1.253. However, you'll find that the quickest and easiest way to configure the IP addresses for your PCs is to obtain the IP addresses automatically by using the router as a DHCP server.

If you are unable to access the web configuration interface, check to see if you have any software-based firewalls installed on your PCs, as they can cause problems accessing the 192.168.1.254 IP address of BiGuard 50G.

The following sections outline how to set up your PCs for TCP/IP networking. Refer to the applicable section for your PC's operating system.

3.4.1 Overview

Before you begin, make sure that the TCP/IP protocol and a functioning Ethernet network adapter is installed on each of your PCs.

The following operating systems already include the necessary software components you need to install TCP/IP on your PCs:

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- Windows 95/98/Me/NT/2000/XP
- Mac OS 7 and later

If you are using Windows 3.1, you must purchase a third-party TCP/IP application package.

Any TCP/IP capable workstation can be used to communicate with or through BiGuard 50G. To configure other types of workstations, please consult the manufacturer's documentation.

3.4.2 Windows XP

3.4.2.1 Configuring

1. Select Start > Settings > Network Connections.

My Docum	ents		Ragistar Arcount
My Compu) uter		Quick VoIP Setting
My Netw Places	oik		b TestPag
Distance Explana	a ar		New Rich Text Document
3		and the second sec	- Silon
	⁷ Set Program Access and Defaults		
	Windows Catalog		
-	Windows Update		Non Acres
	Programs •		
Ì	Documents •		and the second second
nal 🗗	Settings •	Control Panel	
essic	Search +	Network Connections Printers and Eaxes	
Prof	Help and Support	Taskbar and Start Menu Displays existing network connections on this computer and helps you create new ones	
£ 🖅	Run	and the second sec	
swop	Log Off Benno Hong		the second second
N O	Turn Off Computer		COS NOTE
🐉 sta	art		🕵 🌜 🧐 🎯 4:20 PM

2. In the **Network Connections** window, right-click **Local Area Connection** and select **Properties**.



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File Edit View Image Colors Help		
		^
Network Connections		
File Edit View Favorites T	ools Advanced Help	AT BUR MELL
r A 🕜 Back - 🕥 - 🎓 🖇	Search 🎼 Folders	
Address S Network Connections		💌 🄁 Go
Metwork Tasks Create a new connection Sector Create a new connection Sector Paper this connection Rename this connection Rename this connection Rename this connection Control Panel My Documents My Network Places My Conputer Details Cocol Area Connection Lacol Area Connection Lacol Area Connection Lacol Area Connection Lacol Area Connection	AN or High-Speed Internet And of High-Speed Internet Source of the speed of the s	
For Help, dick Help Topics on the Help Manu		230 518
etart	Although Connections	230,310
Start VI-Pant	S Network Connections	5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 - 5 -

3. Select Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) and click Properties.

🕹 Local Area Connection Properties 🛛 🔹 🔀
General Authentication Advanced
Connect using:
NVIDIA nForce Networking Controller
<u>Configure</u>
 Client for Microsoft Networks File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks QoS Packet Scheduler Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)
Install Uninstall Properties Description Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The default wide area network protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks.
Sho <u>w</u> icon in notification area when connected
OK Cancel

4a. To have your PC obtain an IP address automatically, select the Obtain an IP



address automatically and Obtain DNS server address automatically radio

buttons.

Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Prope	erties 🔹 💽 🔀
General Alternate Configuration	
You can get IP settings assigned auto this capability. Otherwise, you need to the appropriate IP settings.	matically if your network supports ask your network administrator for
Obtain an IP address automatical	ly l
Use the following IP address: —	
IP address:	
S <u>u</u> bnet mask:	
Default gateway:	· · ·
⊙ Obtain DNS server address autor	natically
OUse the following DNS server ad	dresses:
Preferred DNS server:	and the second
Alternate DNS server:	
	Ad <u>v</u> anced
	OK Cancel

4b. To manually assign your PC a fixed IP address, select the **Use the following IP** address radio button and enter your desired IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway in the blanks provided. Remember that your PC must reside in the same subnet mask as the router. To designate a DNS server, select the **Use the following DNS server** and fill in the preferred DNS address.

Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Prope	rties 🔹 💽 🔀	
General		
You can get IP settings assigned auton this capability. Otherwise, you need to a the appropriate IP settings.	natically if your network supports ask your network administrator for	
Obtain an IP address automaticall	y III	
Ose the following IP address: ──		
IP address:	192.168.1.100	
Subnet mask: 255 . 255 . 0		
Default gateway: 192 . 168 . 1 . 254		
Obtain DNS server address autor	natically	
Use the following DNS server add	Iresses:	
Preferred DNS server:	192.168.1.254	
Alternate DNS server:	· · ·	
	Ad <u>v</u> anced	
	OK Cancel	

5. Click **OK** to finish the configuration.



3.4.2.2 Verifying Settings

To verify your settings using a command prompt:

1. Click Start > Programs > Accessories > Command Prompt.



2. In the Command Prompt window, type ipconfig and then press ENTER.



If you are using BiGuard 50G's default settings, your PC should have:

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- An IP address between 192.168.1.1 and 192.168.1.253
- A subnet mask of 255.255.255.0



To verify your settings using the Windows XP GUI:

1. Click Start > Settings > Network Connections.



2. Right click one of the network connections listed and select **Status** from the pop-up menu.



3. Click the Support tab.

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📥 Local Area Con	nection Status	? 🛛
General Support		
Connection		
Status:		Connected
Duration:	2 da	ys 01:15:02
Speed:		100.0 Mbps
Activity	Sent — 🛐 —	Received
Packets:	1,538	346
Properties	<u>D</u> isable	
		<u>C</u> lose



- If you are using BiGuard 50G's default settings, your PC should:
- Have an IP address between 192.168.1.1 and 192.168.1.253
- Have a subnet mask of 255.255.255.0

Local Area Connection Status	? 🛛
General Support	
Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)	
Address Type:	Assigned by DHCP
IP Address:	192.168.1.100
Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway:	192.168.1.254
	Details
Regair	

3.4.3 Windows 2000

3.4.3.1 Configuring

1. Select Start > Settings > Control Panel.





-

🗟 Control Panel						_ 🗆 🗵
<u>File E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew F <u>a</u> vorites <u>T</u> ools	Help					
🖛 Back 👻 🔿 👻 🔂 🥘 Search	🔁 Folders 🛛 🖉) R R :	X 🗤 💷 -			
Address 🐼 Control Panel						▼ @Go
	e.	*	× • • •	1	2	A
Control Panel	Accessibility Options	Add/Remove Hardware	Add/Remove Programs	Administrative Tools	Automatic Updates	
Network and Dial-up Connections	H		<u> A</u>	Aa	ø.	
networks, and the Internet	Date/Time	Display	Folder Options	Fonts	Gaming Options	
<u>Windows Update</u> <u>Windows 2000 Support</u>	9	ð	**	Ø	F	
	Internet Options	Keyboard	Licensing	Mouse	Network and Dial-up Connections	
		2	ų	S	- S	
	NVIDIA nView Desktop M	Phone and Modem	Power Options	Printers	Regional Options	
		ō			۲	
	Scanners and Cameras	Scheduled Tasks	SoundMAX	Sounds and Multimedia	Symantec LiveUpdate	
						•
Connects to other computers, networks,	and the Interne	t				

3. In Network and Dial-up Connections, double-click Local Area Connection.

🔁 Network and Dial-up Connections	
<u>Eile E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew F <u>a</u> vorites <u>T</u> ools Adva <u>n</u> ced <u>H</u> elp	1
4 -Back $\bullet \Rightarrow \bullet \textcircled{1}$ Q Search $\textcircled{1}$ -Folders $\textcircled{3}$ $\textcircled{1}$ $\textcircled{2}$ \swarrow $\textcircled{3}$ $\textcircled{3}$	
Address D Network and Dial-up Connections	- ∂⊙
Network and Dial-up Connections	
Local Area Connection	
Type: LAN Connection	
Status: Enabled	
3Com EtherLink XL 10/100 PCI For Complete PC Management NIC (3C905C-TX)	
3Com EtherLink XL 10/100 PCI For Complete PC Management NIC (3C905C-TX)	



4. In the Local Area Connection window, click Properties.

ocal Area Connect.	ion Status	? ×
General		
Connection Status:		Connected
Duration: Speed:		4 days 21:19:24 100.0 Mbps
Activity	Sent — 🕮 -	- Received
Packets:	932,400	1,553,647
Properties	<u>D</u> isable	
		<u>C</u> lose

5. Select Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) and click Properties.

Local Area Connection Properties
General Sharing
Connect using:
3Com EtherLink XL 10/100 PCI For Complete PC Manage
<u>C</u> onfigure
Components checked are used by this connection:
File and Printer Sharing for Microsoft Networks Network Monitor Driver Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)
Install Uninstall Properties
- Description
Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The default wide area network protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks.
Sho <u>w</u> icon in taskbar when connected
OK Cancel



6a. To have your PC obtain an IP address automatically, select the **Obtain an IP** address automatically and **Obtain DNS server address automatically** radio buttons.

Internet Pi	rotocol (TCP/IP)	Properti	es					? ×
General								
You can this capa the appr	get IP settings assig ability. Otherwise, you opriate IP settings.	ined auto u need to	matical ask yo	ly if yo ur neti	ur ne work	twork admini	suppo strato	orts r for
<u>е о</u> ь	tain an IP address a	utomatica	ally					
	e the following IP ad	ldress: —						
[P add	fress:							
Subne	et mask:							
Defau	lt gateway:							
• 0 <u>b</u>	tain DNS server add	iress auto	matical	iyi				
_⊂O Us	e the following DNS	server ac	Idresse	s:				
Prefer	red DNS server:							
Altern	ate DNS server:							
						Ad	l <u>v</u> anc	ed
					ОK			Cancel

6b. To manually assign your PC a fixed IP address, select the **Use the following IP** address radio button and enter your desired IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway in the blanks provided. Remember that your PC must reside in the same subnet mask as the router. To designate a DNS server, select the **Use the following DNS server** and fill in the preferred DNS address.

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ternet Protocol (TCP/IP) Prop	erties 🧧
General	
You can get IP settings assigned this capability. Otherwise, you nee the appropriate IP settings.	automatically if your network supports ad to ask your network administrator for
O <u>O</u> btain an IP address autom	atically
Use the following IP address	8]
<u>I</u> P address:	192.168.1.100
S <u>u</u> bnet mask:	255 . 255 . 255 . 0
Default gateway:	192.168.1.254
C Obtain DNR conver address	outomatically.
Use the following DNS server	er addresses:
	192 168 1 254
Preferred DNS server:	
Preferred DNS server:	
Preferred DNS server: Alternate DNS server:	
<u>P</u> referred DNS server: <u>A</u> lternate DNS server:	Advanced
Preferred DNS server:	Advanced

7. Click **OK** to finish the configuration.

2

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1. Click Start > Programs > Accessories > Command Prompt.



2. In the Command Prompt window, type ipconfig and then press ENTER.



- If you are using BiGuard 50G's default settings, your PC should have:
- An IP address between 192.168.1.1 and 192.168.1.253











To prepare Windows 98/Me PCs for TCP/IP networking, you may need to manually install TCP/IP on each PC. To do this, follow the steps below. Be sure to have your Windows CD handy, as you may need to insert it during the installation process.



1. On the Windows taskbar, select Start > Settings > Control Panel.

2. Double-click the **Network** icon. The Network window displays a list of installed components.





Network 2	
Configuration Identification Access Control	
,	
The following network components are installed:	
Client for Microsoft Networks	
📕 Microsoft Family Logon	
ADSL Company ADSL USB Modem	
ASUSTeK/Broadcom 440x 10/100 Integrated Controller	
🖳 🕮 Dial-Up Adapter 📃 🗾	
Add Remove Properties	
Primary Network Logon:	
Microsoft Family Logon	
<u>File and Print Sharing</u>	
- Description	
OK Cancel	
	_

You must have the following installed:



- An Ethernet adapter
- TCP/IP protocol
- Client for Microsoft Networks

If you need to install a new Ethernet adapter, follow these steps:

a.	Click	Add
· · ·	0	

Network ? 🗙						
Configuration Identification Access Control						
The following <u>n</u> etwork components are installed:						
Client for Microsoft Networks						
Bicrosoft Family Logon						
ADSE Company ADSE 058 Modem Big ASUST eK /Broadcom 440x 10/100 Integrated Controller						
Bial-Up Adapter						
Add Remove Properties						
Primary Network Logon:						
Microsoft Family Logon						
File and Brint Charing						
Description						
OK Cancel						

b. Select Adapter, then Add.



c. Select the manufacturer and model of your Ethernet adapter, then click **OK**.



Select Network adapters	×
Click the Network ada you have an installation	apter that matches your hardware, and then click OK. If on disk for this device, click Have Disk.
Manufacturers:	Network Adapters:
🔢 (detected net drivers) 🔺	💷 Existing Ndis2 Driver
🖳 (Infrared COM port or dc	🕮 Existing ODI Driver
📲 3Com	
Accton	
	<u>H</u> ave Disk
	OK Cancel

If you need TCP/IP:

a. Click Add.

Network	?×
Configuration Identification Access Control	
I he following network components are installed:	_
Client for Microsoft Networks	4
ADSI Company ADSI USB Modem	
B ASUST eK/Broadcom 440x 10/100 Integrated Controller	
🗒 Dial-Up Adapter	-
Add Remove Properties	
Primary Network Logon:	
Microsoft Family Logon	┓║
<u>File and Print Sharing</u>	
Description	_



b. Select Protocol, then click Add.

-

elect Network Component Type	? ×
Click the type of network component you want to install:	
🔜 Client	<u>A</u> dd
Protocol	Lancel
Service	
Protocol is a 'language' a computer uses. Computers	
must use the same protocol to communicate.	

c. Select Microsoft. → TCP/IP, then OK.

Select Network Protocol 🛛 🛛 🗶				
Click the Network Pro an installation disk for	tocol that you want to install, then click OK. If you have this device, click Have Disk.			
<u>M</u> anufacturers:	Network Protocols:			
译 Banyan 译 IBM <mark>같 Microsoft</mark> 译 Novell	IPX/SPX-compatible Protocol Microsoft 32-bit DLC Microsoft DLC NetBEUI TCP/IP WAN support for ATM			
	<u>H</u> ave Disk			
	OK Cancel			

If you need Client for Microsoft Networks:

a. Click Add.

letwork
Configuration Identification Access Control
The following network compensate are installed:
Client for Microsoft Networks
ADSL Company ADSL USB Modem
ASUSTeK/Broadcom 440x 10/100 Integrated Controller
Dial-Up Adapter
Add Bemove Properties
Primary Network Logon:
Microsoft Family Logon
File and Print Sharing
Description
OK Cancel

b. Select Client, then click Add.

-

Select Network Component Type	?×
Click the type of network component you want to install: Client Adapter Protocol	Add
Service A client enables your computer to connect to other computers.	

c. Select Microsoft. → Client for Microsoft Networks, and then click OK.

Select Network Client				
Click the Network Clie an installation disk for	ent that you want to install, then click OK. If you have this device, click Have Disk.			
Manufacturers: Banyan Microsoft Novell	Network Clients: Client for Microsoft Networks Client for NetWare Networks Microsoft Family Logon	1		
	<u>H</u> ave Disk OK Cancel			

3. Restart your PC to apply your changes.

3.4.4.2 Configuring

1. Select Start > Settings > Control Panel.

		-				
	*	Windows Update				
		<u>P</u> rograms	•			
	*	F <u>a</u> vorites	►			
	1	<u>D</u> ocuments	►			
	R .	<u>S</u> ettings	•	Control Pa	nel	
		<u>F</u> ind	►	Innters Iaskbar &	Start Menu	
		<u>H</u> elp		Eolder Opl Active De	ions sktop	•
s 98	2.	<u> B</u> un		🗞 Windows	Update	
Mob	<u>چ</u>	Log Off Null				
MIN		Shut Down				
:	Start	🛛 🧭 😂 📗				

23 2. In the Control Panel, double-click Network and choose the Configuration tab. 🔯 Control Panel _ 8 × <u>File Edit View Go</u> F<u>a</u>vorites <u>H</u>elp X Cut Сору Сору Delete Properties Views Forward t. Up Paste $\boldsymbol{\mathbb{N}}$ + -Undo Address 🧟 Control Panel • 8 Ŕ 7 ø. A * * 3 Game Controllers Add New Hardware Add/Remove Programs Date/Time Desktop Themes Fonts Display **Control Panel** 6**b** ٢ **e** 64 ₽ĝ Network Configures network hardware and software. Internet Options Network NVIDIA nView Desktop Ma... Keyboard Modems Mouse Multimedia **%** ų P S 3 (•) Microsoft Home ODBC Data Sources (32bit) Power Management Sound Effect Manager Passwords Regional Settings Printers Sounds Technical Support \$ System Telephony Users Configures network hardware and software. 🛄 My Computer

Network
Configuration Identification Access Control
The following network components are installed:
Client for Microsoft Networks Microsoft Family Logon ADSL Company ADSL USB Modem
ASUSTeK/Broadcom 440x 10/100 Integrated Controller Dial-Up Adapter
Add Remove Properties
Primary Network Logon:
Microsoft Family Logon
<u>File and Print Sharing</u>
Description
OK Cancel

3. Select TCP / IP > ASUSTek or the name of any Network Interface Card (NIC) in

your PC and click **Properties**.

Network
Configuration Identification Access Control
The following network components are installed:
ASUSTEK/Broadcom 440x 10/100 Integrated Controller
TCP/IP -> ADSI Company ADSI USB Modem
TCP/IP -> ASUSTeK/Broadcom 440x 10/100 Integrated
TCP/IP -> Dial-Up Adapter
Add Remove Properties
Primary Network Logon:
Microsoft Family Logon
Eile and Print Sharing
- Description
TCP/IP is the protocol you use to connect to the Internet and wide-area networks
OK Cancel

4. Select the **IP Address** tab and click the **Obtain an IP address automatically** radio button.

TCP/IP Properties	? ×				
Bindings Advanced N DNS Configuration Gateway WINS Configuration	etBIOS IP Address				
An IP address can be automatically assigned to this computer. If your network does not automatically assign IP addresses, ask your network administrator for an address, and then type it in the space below.					
Obtain an IP address automatically					
C Specify an IP address:					
[P Address:					
Sybnet Mask:					
OK	Cancel				

5. Select the DNS Configuration tab and select the Disable DNS radio button.

TCP/IP Properties				? ×
Bindings DNS Configuration	Adv. Gateway	anced WINS Co	Ne	etBIOS
 Disable DNS Enable DNS]
Host:		Domain		
UNS Server Sea	rch Urder —		<u>A</u> dd <u>R</u> emove	
Domain Suffix Se	arch Order :		Add	
			ОК	Cancel

6. Click **OK** to apply the configuration.

į,

Network					
Configuration Identification Access Control					
The following <u>n</u> etwork components are installed:					
Client for Microsoft Networks					
Microsoft Family Logon					
ADSE Company ADSE USB Modem					
Bial-Up Adapter					
Add Remove Properties					
Primary Network Logon:					
Microsoft Family Logon					
<u>File and Print Sharing</u>					
Description					
OK Cancel					



To check the TCP/IP configuration, use the winipcfg.exe utility:

1. Select Start > Run.

<u> 1</u>	Control	Panel										B ×
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JA	ddress 🥻	Control Panel										-
	न्त्र Con	trol Par	el		Add New Hardware	Add/Remove Programs	Date/Time	Desktop Themes	Display	Fonts	Game Controllers	
					S	ð	2	S	60	₽ \$	©	
	Networ	k Windows Update	e		Internet Options	Keyboard	Modems	Mouse	Multimedia	Network	NVIDIA nView Desktop Ma	
	····	<u>P</u> rograms F <u>a</u> vorites	•	g	ODBC Data Sources (32bit)	Passwords	Power Management	Printers	Regional Settings	Sound Effect Manager	Sounds	
		Documents	•		inter s	N	<u>_</u>					
		<u>S</u> ettings	- F		System	Telephony	Users					
		<u>F</u> ind										
	9	<u>H</u> elp										
AC S	700	<u>B</u> un										
No ha	<u>چ</u>	Log Off Null										
3		Sh <u>u</u> t Down		0	Configures netv	vork hardware	and software.		I M	y Computer		
	Start	M 🙆 😂	17-Р.	aint		🐼 Control Pa	nel			10	(+ (initial content)) (+ (initial c	PM

2. Type winipcfg, and then click OK.



3. From the drop-down box, select your Ethernet adapter.

P Configuration	
Ethernet Adapter Information	
	PPP Adapter.
Adapter Address	PPP Adapter. ASUSTeK/Broadcom 440x 10/100 lr
IP Address	0.0.0
Subnet Mask	0.0.0
Default Gateway	
OK Be	eleage Re <u>n</u> ew
Rele <u>a</u> se All Re	ne <u>w</u> All <u>M</u> ore Info >>

The window is updated to show your settings. Using the default BiGuard 50G settings, your PC should have:

- An IP address between 192.168.1.1 and 192.168.1.253
- A subnet mask of 255.255.255.0
- A default gateway of 192.168.1.254

Ethernet	n <mark>figuration</mark> Adapter Inform	ation			
			ASUSTel	<td>10/1 💌</td>	10/1 💌
	Adapter A	\ddress	00-E0	-18-FD-50-5A	
	IP Address		192.168.1.100		
	Subnet Mask		255.255.255.0		
	Default Gateway		192	2.168.1.254	
	OK	Re	elea <u>s</u> e	Re <u>n</u> ew	
	Rele <u>a</u> se All	Rei	ne <u>w</u> All	<u>M</u> ore Info >>	

3.5 Factory Default Settings

Before configuring your BiGuard 50G, you need to know the following default settings:

Web Interface: Username: admin Password: admin

LAN Device IP Settings: IP Address: 192.168.1.254 Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0 BILLION

ISP setting in WAN site: Obtain an IP Address automatically (DHCP Client)

DHCP server: DHCP server is enabled. Start IP Address: 192.168.1.100 End IP Address: 192.168.1.199 3.5.1 User Name and Password

The default user name and password are "admin" and "admin" respectively. If you ever forget your user name and/or password, you can restore your BiGuard 50G to its factory settings by holding the Reset button on the back of your router until the Status LED begins to blink. Please note that doing this will also erase any previous router settings that you have made. The Status LED will remain solid as the device boots. Once the boot sequence is complete, the LED will shut off, indicating that BiGuard 50G is ready.

3.5.2 LAN and WAN Port Addresses

LAN Port		WAN Port
IP address	192.168.1.254	The DHCP Client is <i>enabled</i>
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	WAN port configuration from the ISP.
DHCP server function	Enabled	
IP addresses for distribution to PCs	100 IP addresses continuing from 192.168.1.100 through 192.168.1.199	

The default values for LAN and WAN ports are shown below:

3.6 Information From Your ISP

3.6.1 Protocols

Before configuring this device, you have to check with your ISP (Internet Service Provider) to find out what kind of service is provided such as DHCP, Static IP, PPPoE, or PPTP. The following table outlines each of these protocols:

DHCP	Configure this WAN interface to use DHCP client protocol to get an IP address from your ISP automatically. Your ISP provides an IP address to the router dynamically when logging in.			
Static IP	Configure this WAN interface with a specific IP address. This IP address should be provided by your ISP.			
PPPoE	PPPoE (PPP over Ethernet) is known as a dial-up DSL or cable service. It is designed to integrate the broadband services into the current widely deployed, easy-to-use, and low-cost dial-up-access networking infrastructure.			
РРТР	If your ISP provides a PPTP connection, you can use the PPTP protocol to establish a connection to your ISP.			
Big Pond	The Big Pond login for Telstra cable in Australia.			

If your account uses PPP over Ethernet (PPPoE), you will need to enter your login name and password when configuring your BiGuard 50G. After the network and firewall are configured, BiGuard 50G will login automatically, and you will no longer need to run the login program from your PC.

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If your ISP does not dynamically assign configuration information but instead uses fixed configurations, you will need the following basic information from your ISP:

- An IP address and subnet mask
- A gateway IP address
- One or more domain name server (DNS) IP addresses

Depending on your ISP, a host name and domain suffix may also be provided. If any of these items are dynamically supplied by the ISP, your BiGuard 50G will automatically acquire them.

If an ISP technician configured your computer or if you configured it using instructions provided by your ISP, you need to copy the configuration information from your PC's Network TCP/IP Properties window before reconfiguring your computer for use with BiGuard 50G. The following sections describe how you can obtain this information.

3.6.2.1 Windows

This section uses illustrations from Windows XP. However, other versions of Windows will follow a similar procedure. Have your Windows CD handy, as it may be required during the configuration process.

1. Select Start > Settings > Control Panel.

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My Documents Skype	-20 · C		1. Y
My Computer			and the second sec
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ø	in the second		
Internet Explorer		And a second	
Set Program Access and Defaults			
Windows Catalog		and the second	and an and and
🦥 Windows Update	Contraction of the Contraction of the		and the second second
Programs			and the second second
Documents	· CUSTOR · ··································	and the second	
2 🛃 Settings	Control Panel		
Search	Network Connections Printers and Faxes		
🖉 🕜 Help and Support	Taskbar and Start Menu	and the second se	
👷 🖅 Run	and the second		
E Log Off Benno Hong	and the second		
Turn Off Computer	a particular and an end of the second		
Start PChome Online - M	r 🔢 Volume Control		* 5 9 0 10

2. Double-click the Network icon.



3. In the **Network Connections** window, right-click **Local Area Connection** and select **Properties**.

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Network Connections				2000 - CO &
A File Edit View Favorites To	ols Advanced Help		<u></u>	Sold man
r A G Back - O - D /	Search 🎼 Folders 🛄 -			
Address 🗞 Network Connections			💌 🔁 GO	
Vetwork Tasks Create a new correction Create a new correction Setup a how, correction Setup a how, correction Greate a new correction Setup a how, correction Greate a new correction Wetwork tasks of this connection Wetwork tasks of this connection Charge settings of this connection My Network Places My Computer Local Area Connection LAN or High-Speed Internet Environ LAN or High-Speed Internet	LAN or High-Speed Internet Local Area Connection Seabled MIDIA nEoros Network	Disable Status Repair Bridge Connections Create Shortcut Delete Rename Properties		
For Help, click Help Topics on the Help Menu.			230,518	
🐉 start 🛛 👹 1 - Paint	S Network Connections			🔊 🌯 🧐 🎯 4:25 PM

4. Select Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) and click Properties.



5. If an **IP** address, subnet mask and a **Default gateway** are shown, write down the information. If no address is present, your account's IP address is dynamically



assigned. Click the Obtain an IP address automatically radio button.

Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Prop	erties 🛛 🖓 🔀					
General Alternate Configuration	General Alternate Configuration					
You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.						
Obtain an IP address automatica	ylly					
Use the following IP address: —						
IP address:						
S <u>u</u> bnet mask:						
Default gateway:						
⊙ Obtain DNS server address auto	matically					
OUse the following DNS server ac	Idresses:					
Preferred DNS server:						
Alternate DNS server:	· · ·					
	Advanced					
	OK Cancel					

6. If any DNS server addresses are shown, write them down. Click the Obtain DNS server address automatically radio button.

Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Prope	rties 🛛 🛛 🛛
General Alternate Configuration	
You can get IP settings assigned auton this capability. Otherwise, you need to a the appropriate IP settings.	natically if your network supports ask your network administrator for
Obtain an IP address automatical	y
Use the following IP address:	
IP address:	
Sybnet mask:	
Default gateway:	
⊙ Obtain DNS server address autor	natically
Use the following DNS server add	tresses:
Preferred DNS server:	
Alternate DNS server:	
	Ad <u>v</u> anced
	OK Cancel

7. Click **OK** to save your changes.

	LUTON
	🕹 Local Area Connection Properties 🛛 🔹 🔀
	General Authentication Advanced
	NVIDIA nForce Networking Controller
	Configure This connection uses the following items: ✓ Solution Client for Microsoft Networks ✓ Solution Stating for Microsoft Networks ✓ Solution Scheduler ✓ Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)
/	Install Uninstall Properties Description Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The default wide area network protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks. Image: Show icon in notification area when connected
	OK Cancel

3.7 Web Configuration Interface

BiGuard 50G includes a Web Configuration Interface for easy administration via virtually any browser on your network. To access this interface, open your web browser, enter the IP address of your router, which by default is 192.168.1.254, and click **Go**. A user name and password window prompt will appear. Enter your user name and password (the default user name and password are "admin" and "admin") to access the Web Configuration Interface.

:]]4[DN		
R	GA		Status Quick Start Configuration Save Config to Flash
The server 192.1 and password. Warning: This se password be sen without a secure	68.1.254 at WebAdmin requires a username rver is requesting that your username and t in an insecure manner (basic authentication connection).		
User name: Password:	admin Admin Remember my password		
	OK Cancel	Dele	ted:

If the Web Configuration Interface appears, congratulations! You are now ready to configure your BiGuard 50G. If you are having trouble accessing the interface, please refer to *Chapter 5: Troubleshooting* on the CD for possible resolutions.

Status			Refresh
Device Information			
Device Name	BiGuard50G		
System Up Time	0:22:38:53 (day:hour:min:sec)		
Registration	Not Registered	Register	
Failover Status	Failover (WAN1 is active)		
Current Time D	Tue Aug 2 10:38:40 2005	Sync Now	
PrivateLAN MAC address	00:11:22:dd:44:55		
PublicWAN1 MAC address	00:11:22:dd:44:56		
PublicWAN2 MAC address	00:11:22:dd:44:57		
Firmware Version	1.08		
Home URL	Billion Electric Co.,Ltd.		
LAN			
IP address O	192.168.1.254		
Netmask	255.255.255.0		
DHCP server O	Enabled		
WAN1			
Connection Method D	Connect by DHCP		
IP address	connecting	Release Renew	
Netmask			
Gateway			
DNS server			
Up Time			
WAN2			
Connection Method O	No Link.		
IP address			
Netmask			
Gateway			
DNS			
Up Time			



Chapter 4: Router Configuration

4.1 Overview

The Web Configuration Interface makes it easy for you to manage your network via any PC connected to it. On the Web Configuration homepage, you will see the navigation pane located on the left hand side. From it, you will be able to select various options used to configure your router.

Status		Refresh		I
Device Information				1
Device Name	BiQuard50G			1
System Up Time	0.22.38.53 (fay hour min sec)			i
Registration	Not Registered	Register		I.
Fallover Status	Fallover (WAN1 is active)			1
Current Time O	Tue Aug 2 10:38:40 2005	Sync Now		1
PrivateLAN MAC address	00:11:22:00:44:55			1
PublicWAN1 MAC address	00 11 22 dd 44 56			
PublicWAN2 MAC address	00.11.22.03.44.57			i
Firmware Version	1.081			i -
Home URL	Billion Electric Co.,Ltd.			1
LAN				1
P address O	192 168 1 254			1
Netmask	255.255.255.0			1
DHCP server O	Enabled			1
WAN				i
Connection Method O	Connect by DHCP			í.
IP address	connecting	Release Rinew	1	
Netmask			1	
Gateway			!	
DNS server				
Up Time				
WAN2			i i	
Connection Method D	No Link.		1	
IP address			1	
Netmask			1	
Gateway				
ONS				
Up Time				

1. Click **Apply** if you would like to apply the settings on the current screen to the device. The settings will be effective immediately, however the configuration is not saved yet and the settings will be erased if you power off or restart the device.

2. Click SAVE CONFIG to save the current settings permanently to the device.

3. Click **RESTART** to restart the device. There are two options to restart the device.

- Select **Current Settings** if would like to restart using the current configuration.

- Select **Factory Default Settings** if you would like to restart using the factory default configuration.

4. To exit the router's web interface, click **LOGOUT**. Please ensure that you have saved your configuration settings before you logout. Be aware that the router is

restricted to only one PC accessing the web configuration interface at a time. Once a PC has logged into the web interface, other PCs cannot gain access until the current PC has logged out. If the previous PC forgets to logout, the second PC can access the page after a user-defined period (5 minutes by default).

The following sections will show you how to configure your router using the Web Configuration Interface. Please consult the manual on the CD provided for detailed configuration – see sections 4.2-4.8

4.2 Status

The Status menu displays the various options that have been selected and a number of statistics about your BiGuard 50G.

Status		Refresh
Device Information		
Device Name	BiGuard50G	
System Up Time	0:22:38:53 (day:hour:min:sec)	
Registration	Not Registered	Register
Failover Status	Failover (WAN1 is active)	
Current Time O	Tue Aug 2 10:38:40 2005	Sync Now
PrivateLAN MAC address	00:11:22:dd:44:55	
PublicWAN1 MAC address	00:11:22:dd:44:56	
PublicWAN2 MAC address	00:11:22:dd:44:57	
Firmware Version	1.081	
Home URL	Billion Electric Co.,Ltd.	
LAN		
IP address O	192.168.1.254	
Netmask	255.255.255.0	
DHCP server O	Enabled	
WAN1		
Connection Method 🖸	Connect by DHCP	
IP address	connecting	Release Renew
Netmask		
Gateway		
DNS server		
Up Time		
WAN2		
Connection Method 🔿	No Link.	
IP address		
Netmask		
Gateway		
DNS		
Up Time		

Device Information

Device Name: Displays the device name.

System Up Time: System uptime enables a user to determine how long has the system being online or the time that an unexpected restart or fault occurred. The system up-time is restarted when there is a power failure or upon software or hardware reset.

Registration: Click on the **Register** button to open a web page on Billion's website to register the BiGuard 50G. Registration enables users to access new firmware, a user's manual, latest product news, quick customer support, and FAQ.

Failover Status: Displays the current Failover port and show whether it is active or inactive.

Current Time: Displays the current time.

PrivateLAN MAC address: Displays the LAN MAC address for the LAN ports.
PublicWAN1 MAC address: Displays the WAN MAC address for the WAN1.
PublicWAN2 MAC address: Displays the WAN MAC address for the WAN2.
Firmware Version: Displays the current firmware version for the device.
Home URL: Displays the manufacturers website.

LAN

IP address: Displays the IP address of your device. You can click on the link to edit the IP address and the gateway IP.

Netmask: Displays the subnet mask for the LAN.

DHCP Server: Displays whether DHCP server is enabled or not. You can click on the link to edit the DHCP server.

WAN1

Connection Method: Displays the connection method for WAN1.

IP address: Displays the IP address for WAN1.

Netmask: Displays the subnet mask for WAN1.

Gateway: Displays the gateway for WAN1.

DNS Server: Displays the DNS Server for WAN1.

Up Time: Displays the time that WAN1 has been connected.

WAN2

Connection Method: Displays the connection method for WAN2.

IP address: Displays the IP address for WAN1.

Netmask: Displays the subnet mask for WAN2.

Gateway: Displays the gateway for WAN2.

DNS Server: Displays the DNS Server for WAN2.

Up Time: Displays the time that WAN2 has been connected.





Telephone Support for Internet Access **ONLY** is available during office hours from Mon-Fri 10am–5pm on 0870-8501528. If you are successfully connected to the Internet and have a support query please contact <u>www.billion.uk.com/esupport</u> and submit a ticket.



This symbol on the product or in the instructions means that your electrical and electronic equipment should be disposed at the end of its life separately from your household waste. There are separate collection systems for recycling in the EU.

For more information, please contact the local authority or your retailer where you purchased the product.

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